
The Subcutaneous Mycoses

1. **Chromoblastomycosis#***+**
2. **Subcutaneous Phaeohyphomycosis*++**
3. **Mycotic Mycetoma*++**
4. **Subcutaneous Zygomycosis***
5. **Lobomycosis (*Loboa loboi*) +++**
6. **Sporotrichosis (*Sporothrix schenckii*)# +?**

= classical subcutaneous mycosis
* = caused by a number of species or presumed species (form-species)
+ = caused exclusively by black fungi
++ = often caused by black fungi
+++ = *Lacazia loboi* (newest)

Note: Dematomycosis = disease caused by black fungus** vs Dermatophytosis vs Dermatomycosis

**Dermatiaceae - Form-Family
Moniliales - Form-Order
Hyphomycetes - Form-Class (mostly).

Dermatiaceae* - Restrictive Definition

Fungal form-family with members that are Blastomycetes, Hyphomycetes, and possibly some Coelomycetes, which form brown to black vegetative and reproductive structures due to the deposition of melanin in their cell walls.

- * Form-family technically of black Hyphomycetes, but examples of possibly closely related forms, if sexual cycles were known, among Blastomycetes and Coelomycetes. Also dimorphic and polymorphic form-species may be among latter.
- * Dermatiaceous fungi = melanized black fungi = phaeoid fungi
- * DNA sequencing suggests most are members of the Chaetothyriomycetales order of Loculoascomycetes II (Eurotiomycetes), although some may be members of the Dothidiales order of Loculoascomycetes I (Dothidiomycetes: see your Reference Guide to Classification).

Dematomycoses*

Mycoses caused by dematiaceous (phaeoid) fungi

1. Chromoblastomycosis²
2. Cladosporiosis (Cerebral Chromomycosis)³
3. Dematiaceous Phaeohyphomycosis^{1,2,3}
4. Dematiaceous Mycetoma²= Black Grain Mycetoma
5. Tinea nigra¹
6. Piedra (Black)¹

* Thus, superficial,¹ and subcutaneous² and systemic³

Dematomycoses
vs
Dermatomycoses
vs
Dermatophytes

Most agents of these "Dematomycoses" are Fungi Imperfici, Hyphomycetes, Moniliales, Dematiaceae.

Main Agents of "Dematomycoses"*

Mycosis	Agent
Chromoblastomycosis	a. <i>Cladophialophora carriponii</i> b. <i>Fonsecaea pedrosoi</i> ** c. <i>F. compacta</i> d. <i>Phialophora verrucosa</i> ***+ e. <i>Cladophialophora bantiana</i> ***+ f. <i>Ramichloridium mackenziei</i> ** g. <i>Exophiala jeanselmei</i> + h. <i>E. spinifera</i> i. <i>P. richardsiae</i> j. <i>P. parasitica</i> k. <i>Wangiella dermatitidis</i> ***+***
Cladosporiosis	
Dematiaceous Phaeohyphomycosis (subcutaneous Phaeohyphomycosis)	
Dematiaceous mycetoma (black grain mycetoma)	l. <i>E. jeanselmei</i> m. <i>Maderella mycetomatis</i>
Tinea nigra	n. <i>Hortaea werneckii</i> ++ o. <i>Piedraia hortae</i> ++ (teleomorphic name)
Black Piedra	

*Some authors include all as agents of Phaeohyphomycosis

** also cerebral chromomycosis/phaeohyphomycosis

***Some authors prefer *Exophiala dermatitidis*

+ systemic phaeohyphomycosis

++ superficial phaeohyphomycosis