## Appendix: Parts Lists

Parts are listed alphabetically in tables that define different functions, i.e., chemoreception (Table A.1), signal processing (Table A.2), motor output (Table A.3), and gene regulation (Table A.4). Components involved in chemoreception are found near the surface of the cell, either between the outer and inner membranes or spanning the inner membrane. Components involved in signal processing are found in the cytoplasm. Components involved in motor output are either exposed to the cytoplasm, span the inner or outer membranes, or extend out into the external medium. Components involved in gene regulation are found in the cytoplasm. One of these, FlgM, can be pumped out into the external medium.

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Tap Tar (MCP2) Trg (MCP3) Tsr (MCP1)	Transmembrane 1	RbsB	NikA	MglB	MalE	DppA	Periplasmic binding proteins <sup>b</sup>	product	Gene	TABLE A.1. Prot
DppA Aspartate, MalE, NikA MglB, RbsB Serine	Transmembrane receptors/transducers <sup>c</sup>	Ribose, then Trg	Ni <sup>2+</sup> , then Tar	Galactose, then Trg	Maltose, then Tar	Di or tripeptides, then Tap	ng proteins <sup>b</sup>		Binds or senses	Table A.1. Proteins involved in chemoreception."
58 59 59		31	59	36	43	60		(kd)	Size	lon."
42 42 99		85	78	48	91	. 80		loc. (min)	Gene map	

Transmembrane receptors also involved in transport of sugars and sugar alcohols  $^{\mbox{\scriptsize d}}$ 

BglF FruA (PtsF) GatA GutA (SrlA) MtlA NagE PtsG PtsM
β-glucosides Fructose Galacitol Glucitol (sorbitol) Mannitol N-acetyl glucosamine Glucose Mannose
66 58 17 21 68 68 51 31
84 49 61 61 81 15 25

Cytoplasmic receptors bound to the inner membrane

Redox potential

55

69

œ	Ξ.	œ	20
given in minutes (0-10	in kilodaltons (kd, tho	gene, except it is capital	" These data are for $E$
given in minutes (0-100); this calibration is based on times required for DNA	in kilodaltons (kd, thousands molecular weight). Map location for the gene is	gene, except it is capitalized and not italicized. Size for the gene product is given	<sup>a</sup> These data are for E. coli K12. The gene product has the same name as the
tor DNA	he gene is	ct is given	me as the

<sup>b</sup> The periplasm is the space between the inner and outer membranes. These transfer during bacterial mating.

6 These components span the inner membrane. They bind a chemical either course of the chemotactic response. directly or indirectly, via its binding protein. They also are called methylaccepting chemotaxis proteins (MCPs), because they are methylated in the components also are involved in transport.

<sup>d</sup> These are components EnzII of the sugar phosphotransferase system (PTS). Their substrates are phosphorylated when transported through the inner

EnzIII <sup>gle</sup> (Crr)	Enzl (Ptsl)	HPr (PtsH)	Components invol		CheZ		CheY	CheW	CheR		CheB			CheA <sub>L</sub> °	Components that p	product	Gene	Table A.2. Prote
HPr and modulates activity of CheA Transfers phosphate from HPr to EnzII <sup>glc</sup>	Enzil, or for glucose, to Enzili Transfers phosphate from phosphoenolpyruvate (PEP) to	Transfers phosphate from Enzl to	Components involved in the sugar phosphotransferase system	phosphate from CheY-P	rotation Accelerates removal of	the motor and promotes CW	When phosphorylated, binds to	Couples CheA to MCPs	Methylates MCPs	demethylates MCPs	When phosphorylated,	CheY	transfers phosphate to CheB,	When activated by an MCP,	Components that process signals generated by MCPs <sup>b</sup>		Function	Table A.2. Proteins involved in signal processing. <sup>a</sup>
18	2	9	stem		24		14	18	33		37			71		(kd)	Size	
55	55	55			42		42	42	42	;	42			42		loc. (min)	Gene map	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See note a, Table A.1. <sup>b</sup> See note c, Table A.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> There also is a short form of CheA, missing 97 amino acids at its N-terminus, including the phosphorylation site. The long form is called CheA<sub>L</sub>, the short form

TABLE A.3. Proteins involved in motor output.

t,	7	roice-generator, spring	GIOIA
3 t	34	Force-generator, proton channel	MolA
à	3	Eleman and the second second	
43	14	FliD chaperone	FliT
43	15	FliC chaperone	FliS
4	29	Protein export	FliR®
4	10	Protein export	FliQa
4	27	Protein export	FliPa
4	11	Protein export	FliO
4	15	Switch component	FliN
4	38	Switch component; binds CheY-P	FliM
		unknown function	
43	17	Inner-membrane associated;	FliL
43	39	Hook-length control	Flik
43	17	Rod, hook, and filament chaperone	FliJ
43	49	Protein export ATPase	FliI
43	26	Protein export	FliH
		MotA	
43	37	Switch component; interacts with	FliG
43	61	MS-ring	FIF
43	11	Rod MS-ring junction (?)	FliE
43	48	Filament cap	FliD
43	51	Filament (flagellin)	FliC
42	14	?	FlhE
42	42	Hook-length control	FlhB*
42	75	Protein export	FlhAª
ţ		11872, 1187 chaperone	1.87
24	16	Flak Flat changerone	
25	34	Hook-filament junction: at filament	Floi
25	58	Hook-filament junction: at hook	Flok
25	34	Muramidase	Flor
24	38	P-ring	FlgI
24	25	L-ring	FlgH
24	28	Distal rod	FlgG
24	26	Proximal rod	FlgF
24	42	Hook	FlgE
24	24	Hook cap	FlgD
24	14	Proximal rod	FlgC
24	15	Proximal rod	FlgB
24	24	P-ring assembly	FlgA
loc. (min)	(kd)		product
Gene map	Size	Function or component	Gene
		C. T. TOTETTO HIAOTAER III MOLOT Outbur.	TWOTE (1"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Homologous to proteins in other species that serve as virulence factors.

TABLE A.4. Proteins involved in gene regulation.

Gene poductFunctionSize (kd)Gene (kd)FlgMAnti-sigma factor1020FlhCMaster regulator for middle genes2243FlhDMaster regulator for middle genes1443FliASigma factor for late genes2843	*			
Ict (kd)  Anti-sigma factor 10  Master regulator for middle genes 22  Master regulator for middle genes 14  Sigma factor for late genes 28	Gene	Function	Size	Gene map
Anti-sigma factor 10  Master regulator for middle genes 22  Master regulator for middle genes 14  Sigma factor for late genes 28	poduct		(kd)	loc. (min)
Master regulator for middle genes 22  Master regulator for middle genes 14  Sigma factor for late genes 28	FlgM	Anti-sigma factor	10	24
Master regulator for middle genes 14 Sigma factor for late genes 28	FIhC	Master regulator for middle genes	22	43
Sigma factor for late genes 28	FIhD	Master regulator for middle genes	14	43
	FliA	Sigma factor for late genes	28	43

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